

TERMS: ONE YEAR, \$1.50. SIX MONTHS, .75c. Two Dollars if not paid in advance.

FOR PRESIDENT, GROVER CLEVELAND, OF NEW YORK.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT, THOS. A. HENDRICKS, OF INDIANA.

THE STATE TICKET FOR 1884.

For Governor, HUGH S. THOMPSON.
Lieutenant-Governor, JOHN C. SHEPARD.
Secretary of State, JAMES N. JENKINS.
Attorney General, CHARLES RICHARDSON MILES.
State Treasurer, JOHN PETER RICHARDSON.
Comptroller General, WILLIAM E. STONEY.
Superintendent of Education, ASBURY COWARD.
Adjutant and Inspector General, A. M. MANIGAUZ.
Solicitor General, JAMES L. ORR.
For Congress, 3rd District, D. WYATT AIKEN.

THE COUNTY TICKET.

House of Representatives, R. B. WATSON, J. P. CLINKSCALES, E. M. RUCKER, H. G. SCUDDAY.
Clerk of Court, M. P. TRIBBLE.
Probate Judge, T. C. LIGON.
Scriff, W. L. BOLT.
School Commissioner, J. G. CLINKSCALES.
County Commissioners, JOSHUA JAMESON, A. O. NORRIS, W. J. ROBINSON.
Coroner, R. Y. H. NANCE.

THE STATE CANVASS.

The State Executive Committee of the Democratic party have appointed Friday, the twenty-sixth day of the present month, for the mass meeting in Anderson, and have assigned the following distinguished gentlemen as speakers for that occasion: Hon. Wade Hampton, Hon. J. C. Sheppard, Hon. J. M. Bryan, Hon. D. W. Aiken, Hon. George Johnston, Hon. J. P. Richardson, Hon. A. C. Coward, Hon. J. L. Orr and Hon. W. C. Bond.

These speakers are eloquent orators and forceful reasoners, so that those who attend will be more than delighted with the occasion. The two Clubs in the City of Anderson have arranged the preparations for the meeting, and those who attend will find ample accommodation in seats. The people of the County—ladies and gentlemen, young and old, white and colored—should make it a point to attend this meeting. The National canvass is now becoming very interesting, and this will be the best time to hear the issues of that canvass discussed. The State campaign this year will be short and sharp. South Carolina must help to elect Cleveland, and Anderson should not be behind them. All of our people should come on the twenty-sixth.

A RAILROAD KING.

The Athens Banner-Watchman says: Uncle Billy Bowers, the great old railroad king of Franklin county, says he will visit Athens in a few days in the interest of a railway from our city to Anderson, S. C., and that if our citizens will give him any encouragement he will build the line. Mr. Bowers says the people over in his section are anxious to trade with Athens again, and a railroad from this place to the Elberton Air Line will restore to us all we have lost. Through his individual exertions this old man has graded the Carnesville road a distance of eight miles, ironed two-and-a-half miles of the track, and has enough on hand to lay another half mile and a \$2,700 locomotive making semi-weekly trips. Our people will give Uncle Billy a hearty welcome when he comes to Athens, and all the aid in their power.

The people of Anderson have an interest in this enterprise, as it may some day become a part of a new short line from Baltimore to the West, which would give to all points along the route the advantages which the Air Line gives to points on its route. Another through line has been projected for some years, and the line upon which Mr. Bowers is working would naturally be a link in that line. When the time to start comes Anderson cannot afford to remain still, but must take such steps as may be necessary to secure the location of the road by this point. Believing that this time is not far distant, the people of Anderson take an interest in Mr. Bowers' work, and wish him much success. We will try to join him as soon as circumstances will permit.

The time of meeting of the State Legislature is not only an inconvenient one, but it is also a very disadvantageous one for the State. The haste to finish before Christmas entails upon the people hasty legislation, and prevents in many instances the consideration of important measures. But for the Christmas period a week or ten days more would generally be added to the session, which would cost the State some ten thousand dollars more, but return to the people better legislation, which would a great deal more than compensate for the outlay. Another advantage of sessions after instead of before Christmas would be in the change which it would render possible in the arrangement of our collection of taxes. As at present arranged, property is assessed in June of one year to be taxed the next year. The taxes are collected in October, and assessments not made with the Treasurer for the delinquent taxes until the month of February or March following. The Legislature adjourns without knowing the condition of the State treasury from the last tax levy. The system should be changed, so as to

assess property in May and collect the taxes in November and December following, by which means each year's taxes would be collected upon the assessments for that year. This would save a great deal of trouble to the tax officers, and some loss to the State, for as it stands now, the man who returns property in one township in June, 1884, when the tax of 1885 is collected may have moved into another township or County before the time for collecting the tax upon this year's assessment. If his return was only of personal property, and he is not disposed to pay the tax, it is more than possible that he may escape paying altogether. It is also very inconvenient, for the period between the assessment and the paying is so long that many land sales occur, and consequent confusion between the buyer and seller. We agree with those who favor the Legislature meeting in the Spring or Winter after Christmas. The time for paying taxes should be changed also.

Maine has gone Republican with a whoop, the majority reaching up to the neighborhood of twenty thousand, while the Republicans only claimed about twelve before the election. It was a great Blaine victory, and shows the power and influence of the Plumed Knight at home. It was a great compliment to Mr. Blaine, but withal it is likely to cost him dearly enough in November. The Republican party in Maine has espoused the cause of prohibition, and in the election just past, voted by an overwhelming majority in favor of an amendment to the State Constitution forever prohibiting the manufacture or sale of spirituous or intoxicating liquors—clear excepted. It was submitted to the people of Maine by a Republican Legislature. The Republican party espoused its cause before the people, and the Republican voters went solidly for it at the polls. Mr. Blaine himself, although at home, did not have the manhood to vote in the election, but it is evident that he is in sympathy with the movement. This, at least, is the view taken of the matter out West, and the Germans of Ohio, Wisconsin and Illinois, propose to speak to Mr. Blaine in November. They are utterly opposed to prohibition, and although they have been Republicans as a class, yet it is said that thousands of them will vote the Democratic ticket at this time as a rebuke to the temperance movement in the Republican party. Thus Mr. Blaine's victory in Maine may prove his defeat in Ohio, Wisconsin, Illinois and other Western States.

The New York papers have published another series of letters from Blaine to John Fisher, which have not yet been given to the public. It is claimed that they are exceedingly damaging to Mr. Blaine, and that there are yet others of the same character to follow. The New York Times says of them: "If anything short of horse-stealing will convince ardent Blaine Republicans that their candidate is a man without honor and without shame, these letters will certainly have that effect. The 'Anchor to Windward' letter has furnished the campaign with a watchword that will doubtless become still more famous than Mr. Blaine's other expression with regard to not being a deadhead." On the contrary, Mr. Blaine says: "There was not a word in the letter," Blaine added, "which was not entirely consistent with the most scrupulous integrity and honor." He hoped that every Republican paper in the United States would publish the letters in full. This is doubtless trying to put the best appearance possible upon a bad matter. The trouble, however, seems to be, that Mr. Blaine has a different view of "scrupulous integrity and honor" from the old time opinion of moral men. This difference is so great that it is now safe to predict that Mr. Blaine will never be President of the United States.

The Tammany General Committee, at a meeting in New York last week, by a vote of 810 to 87, adopted resolutions pledging the party to Cleveland and Hendricks. John Kelly presided. The address sets out that Tammany was opposed to Cleveland, but that they are Democrats, and will vote and work for the success of the ticket. Senator Grady opposed the resolution, and when it was adopted withdrew from the organization, and announced that he would vote for Butler. This action of Tammany makes the Democratic party of New York solid, and the leaders of the party there put the State down as safe for Cleveland by at least fifty thousand majority.

"Poor Old Hayes."

SARATOGA, N. Y., September 11.—A rural-looking gentleman, wearing a shawl, and a slight limp, was seen by a United States Hotel man, Mr. Hayes, formerly President of the United States. He sat in a corner, quite apart from any of the guests, and looked thoroughly lonely and alone. He had a long, thin face, and his fingers mechanically through his hair. He has been several days attending the meetings of the Prison Reform Association. Except at these meetings he has not been seen to talk to any of the guests, though the house is full of prominent men and women who knew him well—they say too well. But the ex-President is being politely out and deliberately ignored. At his approach there is a slight dropping of eyes and an increased attention to other things. He sits in and out of the dining-room unattended and is almost the only one of the 500 guests who dines quite alone. And yet in the same dining-room, almost at his elbow, certainly within eyesight, there are fifty men whom he once called friends. He seems the more out of place because of the absence of Mrs. Hayes, who so frequently accompanies him. "Poor Old Hayes" whispered a politician of national note, pointing to the ex-President, "he seems to be utterly ignored. And this contempt, do you know, is not because he is old, the Presidency, why that has been forgiven long ago, it is a matter of personal feeling, expressive of disgust at the littleness of the man's character, at his commonplace mediocrity. The Americans are a generous people and can't bear a thing man, but they are not so generous as to ostracize him more than any other quality. I guess that is why I dislike him."

Mrs. Mary Wells-Barnett of Chicago recently stated that she had made a study of the use of tobacco. She has found that many of the diseases of the present time are the result of the use of the weed. Tobacco affected the sympathetic nerves which controlled the heart. The nerve became paralyzed, and many a husband was thus estranged from his wife.

Pendleton Farmers' Club.

The 69th anniversary of the Pendleton Farmers' Society will be celebrated at Pendleton on the 9th of October, 1884. It is intended by the managers to make the occasion as interesting and instructive as possible. There will be an exhibition many colts sired by Red Chief, and perhaps fifty or more colts of the Norman-Pendleton stock, besides other horses, herds of Jersey Cattle, and some of the best breeds of hogs.

The P. F. Society was organized in the year 1815, and was first incorporated in the year 1817. When Pendleton District was divided into Pendleton and Anderson Districts this Society purchased the old Court House building at Pendleton, which they had taken down and rebuilt into the present Farmers' Hall. From the date of its organization down to the present time the Pendleton Farmers' Society has kept up its organization. Pendleton being the home of John C. Calhoun, a practical farmer, and many other prominent sons of South Carolina, and being also the Summer resort of many of the most distinguished citizens of the State, all of whom were practical agriculturists and engaged in farming operations, a powerful influence was thus brought to bear, through this Society, upon the industry of farming. The Society, supported by such influences, exerted all its powers to elevate, lift up and dignify the business in which they were engaged. The education of a farmer was early recognized as the surest means of accomplishing these results—improved stock of all kinds were imported, improved implements were tested, and improved methods in the cultivation of the crops were introduced. These labors, continued for so many years, were not without their fruits. To day the farming community around Pendleton feel the impulse thus given to it. By reason of the changed conditions of the country resulting from the war, new methods of farming, new industries, improved labor-saving implements, and a different variety of work animals have become a necessity.

Recognizing these facts, the Pendleton Farmers' Society, with its past experience before it, early after the war lent its influence in assisting the farmers to adapt themselves to these new conditions. The raising of such stock as was best adapted to the wants and necessities, as well as the pleasure of the country, was promptly entered into as a business, and to day there are numerous stock farms dotted all over the surrounding country. To exhibit the stock of these farms, and demonstrate their fitness and adaptability to the present wants and necessities of the country, and thereby encourage a business which has already proven itself profitable, is the principal object of the celebration and stock show on the 9th of next October. We invite all who feel an interest in building up the prosperity of our country, and particularly those who feel an interest in the raising of improved stock, to come and see for themselves what we have already accomplished in that line. R. W. SIMPSON, W. H. D. GAILLARD, U. E. SEABORN, Committee.

A Shocking Story From Georgia.

On the night of the 25th ult. a man by the name of Tom Harris, accompanied by two negroes, came over from South Carolina, and took up a house in the upper portion of this county, where his wife, Mrs. Harris and her six little children lived, and just after supper, while Mrs. Harris was washing dishes, Harris, with one of the negroes, went to the kitchen where Mrs. Harris was—back by force—bareheaded and barefooted, and put her in the carriage, which the other negro had in waiting, and left in great haste for South Carolina. The carriage was a double-seated one, and Harris and one of the negroes took the back seat, while the other negro did the driving, which was done at the full speed of the horses most of the way. Mrs. Harris was placed on the floor of the carriage, with her head drawn back between the knees of Harris, who kept his hands over her mouth to prevent her from making a noise, while the negro on the seat with him held Mrs. Harris's hands in order to keep her in the position desired. It is said that Harris did not utter a word, but his only response was an oath and a command to keep quiet. One of the negroes has been captured and is now in the hands of the authorities. We are informed that Harris is a native of Hart County, and married in the upper portion of this county; that he has always treated his wife most cruelly, often whipping and beating her. He has been a member of the Ku Klux Klan for some time, and has been indicted for wife whipping, and through the intervention of some friends the court was induced to let him off with a light punishment, after he took his family and came to South Carolina, where he committed his present crime. He was whipped his wife, and treated her so cruelly that she took her little children some time ago and came back on this side of the river near her mother's, where she was living when taken away. Harris, it is said, went to the livery stable at Anderson on Monday morning and hired the team and carriage in which he carried his wife away, paying six dollars for the same. He is said to be a very worthless, bad character, and that on account of cruel treatment his wife has left him several times before.—From the Elberton, Ga., South.

Treasure Revealed in a Dream.

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA., September 9.—Walton Grove, in Walton County, is enjoying a remarkable sensation. Among the most respected residents of the place is Mrs. Laura Shelton, who has passed the meridian of youth, but yet remains an active participant in society events. About a week ago she had a dream. Before her imaginary gaze was spread the panorama of the surrounding country. A young man, elegantly dressed and ornamented with a red necktie, stepped up to her, and pointing out a certain spot, told her to dig and wealth would be hers. Just then she awoke, and the young man was gone, but the dream had left a trouble in her that she slept no more that night. Last Friday night the dream was substantially repeated. The Laird and his wife again had the dream, which so impressed her that on the following morning she went out, and, sure enough, at the designated spot, about two feet under the ground, she found a small tin box filled with gold coins. There are witnesses both to the finding and digging up of the box of gold. The value of the treasure is excited over the finding of the treasure.

G. W. Cramer, of Abbeville County, planted this year an acre and a half in sorghum. On this he made 150 gallons of fine syrup, which at 60 cents per gallon would make \$75. There is money in such farming.

For Cleveland.

Ex-Secretaries Hamilton Fish, of New York, and Benjamin Butler, of Kentucky, are both outspoken in favor of Cleveland and against Blaine for President. The venerable Mr. Fish, whose services as Secretary of State under Grant, and as Governor of New York, have been prominent men in his party, was somewhat averse to talking publicly of his preference for Cleveland. "I am out of politics altogether," he said, "and it would hardly be right for me to take any active part in the campaign under the circumstances. I have the greatest respect and admiration for the Democratic candidate, and personally I should like to see him President. He has made a splendid record as Governor, and I believe would do equally well as the Chief Executive. There is only one thing I shall possibly feel in voting for him, and that is the Southern Democratic element. Cleveland himself is all that could be desired, but the Southern mind, I say might—be controlled by the Southern Democratic majority. Even though I vote for Cleveland it is the man and not the party I endorse. Why, I still consider myself a Republican, too," said the Governor, before he might have a reverie as he reviewed his half century of political service.

"Now, about Blaine," he resumed, in a retrospective sort of way. "I know him personally, and a more agreeable, fascinating man I never met. He is a past record"—and Mr. Fish broke off abruptly and pursed up his lips, fearful of saying too much. "I won't say anything of his doings in Congress, for on that point the South would be right. But his course in the Department is patent to all—you know it as well as I—and it cannot be too strongly condemned. I don't want to talk publicly—I am out of politics and really must not say any more. Still, it is in the most general election I ever saw. What with Butler in the East and St. John in the West and the Independents everywhere, there is no telling where we will bring up. I wish I knew," and with an inquiring look he turned to a party of friends as though they could tell him.

A woman who was once remarkable for her great beauty, died in Atlanta Sunday from the effects of intemperance.

A gentleman is about starting an ostrich rancho near Laredo, Texas. Ostrich eggs are said to be worth \$12 each.

The estate of the late Arthur W. Austin, of Boston, which will eventually go to the University of Virginia, will amount to some \$400,000.

Atlanta is to have a grand tabernacle for the people who are not regular church goers to worship in. Senator Brown has offered a site for the building, and the cost will be \$100,000.

The orange trees in Florida are making an unprecedented rapid growth this season, and the fruit promises to be unusually bright, in fact, there is scarcely any rusty fruit visible.

Mr. Daniel Livingston, of Tampa, has recently sold his Orange grove, situated on the avenue named for him, Mr. M. W. Coleman, of South Carolina, for the sum of \$8,000.

The State industrial and technical college for females, to be established at Columbus, Mississippi, will be the first institution of the kind ever started under State auspices in America.

Mr. S. V. Massey, of Oconee County, is making a success by tobacco growing. He has placed on exhibition in Wallaha one stalk six feet high containing twenty full sized leaves, each of which measured twenty-five inches in width and thirty-seven inches in length.

A sentiment of dissatisfaction is growing up in Memphis against the large proportion of judges in Tennessee compared with those of other Southern States, and several Representatives will come to the next Legislature from Shelby County to advocate a redistribution of the judiciary.

The Birmingham Age calls attention to a strange and disgraceful exhibit of some Alabama counties. A Limestone county editor has been gathering statistics and shows that in his part of the State of what Napoleon said of France is \$9,089, while the value of dirks, pistols, etc., is \$5,587.

One of the curiosities to be exhibited at the New Orleans exposition from South Carolina, is a palmetto stump completely petrified. It was dug up recently from the swamp near Mount Pleasant, and was about five feet long. It is solid stone, and the grain of the palmetto wood is easily discerned. It is regarded by geologists as a remarkable specimen, since no instance is on record of palmetto wood being petrified.

The report of Ben Butler's sudden death, which was in Omaha a day or two ago, and was, we are glad to say, speedily contradicted by old Ben himself. The country could ill afford to lose this great man at present. When we think of him and his relation to American politics, we are reminded of what Napoleon said of one of his generals—Vandamme: "I do not know what I would do without Vandamme, but if I had two like him, I would shoot one of them."

Cotton mill men in Atlanta are gloomy and speak of the outlook as anything but encouraging. The situation is critical, and the mill men are not sure they cannot be manufactured and sold at the price of the raw cotton. A mill president said to me that a very grave mistake was made at the meeting of spinners and cotton growers, and that he had shut down the mills lately. However, the near future may bring about a better state of things; if not, cotton manufacturers in the South, especially the smaller mills, will suffer, if they do not have to go to the wall.—Atlanta letter to Mason Telegraph.

Another Open Letter—Two Cases of Blood Poison and one of Catarrh Cured. TALLAHASSEE, GA., May 24, 1884. BLOOD BALM CO.: We have been sending your B. B. B. less than 12 months ago, and we find it doing more good than any medicine we ever sold. It is decidedly the best Blood medicine we have known, and you can't say too much in its favor.

It cures so quick and decided, and costs so little, that our customers are delighted with it. We grow of two cases of Blood Poison and one of Catarrh cured by its use. One of the above cases had taken about four dozen bottles of noted blood medicine without any benefit, but he was cured with seven bottles of B. B. B. We can't tell you enough about it. Hoping you great success, we remain, B. C. KINARD & SON, General Merchants.

ANOTHER REMEDY FROM DEATH.—In 1881 while sewing on a machine, my wife was taken with a severe cold, which was soon followed by hemorrhages from her lungs, severe cough, fever, and she could neither eat or sleep, and in a few days she was nearly dead. I called in a physician, but he refused to retain any food, and the physician thought one of her lungs was entirely gone. At a final consultation of two physicians her case was pronounced hopeless. I tried Brewer's Lung Restorer by advice of one of the physicians, and she began to improve, and in a few days continued the medicine, and is now in excellent health; and is better than she has been in several years. The whole family is benefited. For sale by Whitte & Will.

If worms change the complexion they have a tendency to destroy the vital energies that sustain and promote health, and it is the duty of the parent to administer Sherrin's Indian Vermifuge. For sale by Whitte & Will.

WANTED!

A small family with no children, a good sized lot, and a comfortable house. Also, to be useful in the house. Apply for particulars to THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE. Sept 18, 1884. 10

LAND FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell to the highest bidder on Saturday in October, at Anderson, S. C., if not sold before, a valuable Tract of Land, lying in Corner Township, between Lowndesville and Pendleton, with a good dwelling, and five rooms, and all necessary outbuildings, one good tenant house and two good wells on the place. There is enough land open for a good two-horse farm. There is about 20 or 25 acres of woods, 20 acres bottom. The price is all under \$100. For particulars, apply to J. O. McADAMS, Moffattville, S. C. Sept 18, 1884. 10 39

Insurance License.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER GENERAL. COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 3, 1884. I CERTIFY that Mr. Joseph Lee, of Anderson, S. C., Agent for The Valley Mutual Life Association of Staunton, incorporated by the State of Virginia, has complied with the regulations of the Act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act to regulate the Agencies of Insurance Companies not incorporated in the State of South Carolina," and is hereby licensed to do said business in the County of Anderson, for and in behalf of said Company. Expires March 31st, 1885. W. E. STONEY, Comp. Gen. Sept 18, 1884. 10 19

LOST NOTES.

THE undersigned has lost the following Sealed Notes, which all persons are warned not to trade for, and upon which payment is forbidden: One Sealed Note, made by W. A. Brownlee to G. W. Farmer, for \$200.00, given last Winter, and due January 1st, 1884. One Sealed Note, made by E. Owens (colored), for about \$80.00 given last Winter to G. W. Farmer, due in November, 1884. One Sealed Note, made by J. B. Herring, for about \$20.00, given last Winter to G. W. Farmer, and due in November, 1884. One Note on C. M. Milford for about \$38.00, given last Winter, and due November 1, 1884. One Note on G. W. Maret for about \$16.00, given last Winter, and due November 1, 1884. Any information about these Notes will be thankfully received. G. W. FARMER. Sept 11, 1884. 9 2

BLOOD.

AND its unparalleled abuses, are fully and freely discussed in a new 32 page book, mailed free to all who send for it. Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Drop a postal for it, as every man and woman needs it and will be delighted with its valuable and entirely new revelations.

SMALL VOICES.

Sometimes shake a Nation of people and arouse the world. Expressions similar to the following, from a well known Baptist of Atlanta, pour in from sections where B. B. B. has been used: "It is our firm belief that B. B. B. is the best Blood Purifier on the market. We are selling four or five bottles of it to ONE of any other preparation of the kind. It has failed in no instance to give entire satisfaction. Merit is the secret." W. F. SMITH & CO., Druggists. This is the only blood medicine known that combines quick action, certain effect, cheap price and unbounded satisfaction.

WE PROVE.

That one single bottle of B. B. B. will do as much work in curing Blood Poisons, Skin Affections, Scrofula, Kidney Troubles, Catarrh and Rheumatism as six bottles of any other preparation on earth. One 30-year-old chronic ulcer cured. Scrofula cured. Two children cured with one bottle. Blood Poisons cured with a few bottles. It never fails. We hold home proof in book form. Send for it. Large bottle \$1.00, six for \$5.00. Express and post paid. Price, if your Druggist can't supply you, is \$5.00. BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. FOR SALE BY HILL BROS., Anderson, S. C. Sept 18, 1884. 10 17

A BARGAIN.

A 20-Horse Power Engine and Saw Mill, and a New 60-5aw Gullett Gin will be sold cheap, or exchanged for suitable property. Apply to D. J. SHERARD, Moffattville, S. C. Sept 11, 1884. 10 40

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF ANDERSON. In the Court of Common Pleas. P. K. McCully and S. D. Taylor, Plaintiffs, vs. J. M. McCully and Thos. A. Sherard—Complaint to Foreclose Mortgage. PURSUANT to an Order of Sale made by his Honor Judge Hudson, bearing date March 8, 1884, in the above stated case, I will sell at Anderson, S. C., on SUNDAY IN OCTOBER next—the TRACT OF LAND described in the Pledgings, to wit: All that Tract of Land, containing one hundred and twenty acres, more or less, bounding lands of J. H. Morgan, Mauldin, C. S. Beatty and L. E. Craft, in Corner Township. Deed Corner Township. Terms for Cash. Purchaser to pay extra for papers. W. W. HUMPHREYS, Master. Sept 11, 1884. 10 3

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF ANDERSON. In the Court of Common Pleas. J. H. Mattison, Lounisa Mattison, et al. vs. Albert E. Mattison, S. Jackson Mattison, et al.—Complaint to Foreclose Mortgage. PURSUANT to an Order of Sale made by his Honor Judge Hudson, bearing date March 1, 1884, in the above stated case, I will sell at Anderson, S. C., on SUNDAY IN OCTOBER next, the lands described in the Pledgings as the Real Estate of J. H. Mattison, to wit: All that TRACT OF LAND, lying in Anderson County, on waters of Saluda River, bounded by lands of John Kay, Butler, Cox, John Lusk and others, containing one hundred and twenty acres, more or less. Terms for Cash—One-half cash; the remainder on a credit of twelve months, with interest from day of sale, secured by a mortgage of the premises. Purchaser to pay extra for credit of twelve months. W. W. HUMPHREYS, Master. Sept 11, 1884. 10 3

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF ANDERSON. In the Court of Common Pleas. Susan Burris, Administratrix, et al. vs. John Lusk and others—Action for Foreclosure of Mortgage. PURSUANT to a Judgment for Foreclosure by T. B. Fraser, Presiding Judge, dated 20th day of June, 1884, I will sell at Anderson, S. C., on SUNDAY IN OCTOBER next, the following described Tract of Land, to wit: All that TRACT OF LAND, known as the Florida Place, said to contain one hundred and thirty acres, more or less, lying between the Andersonville and Pendleton Roads, adjoining lands of J. H. Little, Julia Burris and others, and being owned by Jerry Simpson, now deceased. Terms for Cash—One-third cash, and balance on a credit of twelve months, with interest from day of sale, to be secured by bond and mortgage of the premises. Purchaser to pay extra for credit of twelve months. W. W. HUMPHREYS, Master. Sept 11, 1884. 10 3

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ALL the unassigned offers for sale 215 acres of Land, within one mile and a quarter of the City of Anderson. Will be cut up in small tracts to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to P. F. WILSON, Sr. Sept 4, 1884. 8 4

Valuable Land for Sale.

THE undersigned offers for sale 215 acres of Land, within one mile and a quarter of the City of Anderson. Will be cut up in small tracts to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to P. F. WILSON, Sr. Sept 4, 1884. 8 4

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell to the highest bidder on Saturday in October, a valuable Tract of Land, containing 170 acres, situated on the Earle's Bridge Road, four and a half miles from Anderson. Good dwelling-house on premises. One hundred acres in woods, and balance in cultivation. Good title. Terms of sale—Cash. M. C. GAINES. Sept 4, 1884. 8 4

Lands for Sale or Rent.

THE undersigned offers two Valuable Tracts of Land in Centerville Township, known as the Dickson lands, six miles from Anderson, on Blue Ridge Road, one containing 133 acres, the other 145 acres for sale. Also for sale or rent a good Farm of 117 acres, six miles from Anderson, on Centerville road. For particulars call on P. A. WILHITE. Sept 4, 1884. 8 3

Valuable River Land for Sale.

I OFFER for sale about 400 acres of Land lying on the Savannah River and Lightwood Creek, in three separate tracts adjoining each other. It would take too much space to describe the above land. It lies about one mile above Holland's Ferry in Hart County. For information apply to the undersigned, who is determined to sell even at a sacrifice. JAS. H. ALFORD, Oak House, Hart County, Ga. Sept 11, 1884. 9 4

DON'T DO IT!

DON'T BUY A PIANO OR ORGAN Before consulting L. E. NORRIS. HE handles for Anderson County the STEINWAY, DECKER, WHELOCK AND OTHER PIANOS, and the renowned ESTEY ORGAN. Installments of \$10 per month will buy a Piano, and installments of \$5 per month will buy an Organ. If you want an instrument write him, whether you have the money or not, and he will come and see you. Address L. E. NORRIS, Anderson, S. C. August 21, 1884. 6 6m

ANDERSON MILITARY SCHOOL.

ANDERSON, S. C. THE Exercises of this School will begin on Monday, Sept. 1, 1884. The year is divided into two Sessions of Twenty Tuition each. Tuition, including fuel, \$8.00 to \$18.00. Board, including fuel, \$12.00 per month. We have secured the services of Mr. Emanuel Wahl, Ph.D., (of Leipzig), formerly an officer in the German army, to teach German, French and Military Tactics. Special attention will be given to small boys. Deductions made for all public funds received. For Catalogue, giving terms, &c., apply to W. J. LIGON, Principals. H. G. REED, 2m. July 31, 1884. 3 2m

NEW CROP TURNIP SEED.

—AND— FRUIT JARS. SIMPSON, REID & CO.'S, WAVERLY HOUSE CORNER. July 10, 1884. 49

READ THIS.

MY assortment of Goods is as complete as any other house for this season of the year, and I will be glad to show my Goods to all persons wishing to buy. A. B. TOWERS, No. 4 Granite Row, Anderson, S. C. August 7, 1884. 4

SUNDRIES.

I HAVE Well Bran, best Flour, choice N. O. Molasses, Sugar, Coffee, and the best Tea in the market. A good assortment of Hardware and Nails. A few pieces of Maslin at cost for cash. Calico, Homespun, Cashmere for Summer coats and pants; Cottonade, the best made; and many other things too tedious to mention. Call and see me. I am selling Goods at reduced prices to suit the money market. A. B. TOWERS. August 7, 1884. 4

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

I HAVE a large stock of SHOES and BOOTS—pegged Shoes, T. Miles & Sons and Ray State. I am selling at low prices. Ladies' Shoes from \$1.25 to \$3.00 per pair; Men's Shoes from \$1.25 to \$3.00 per pair; pegged Shoes and T. Miles & Sons made to order. All goods warranted. Give me a call if you want Shoes. Hats are still going. Come and get a Hat before they are all gone. A. B. TOW